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Poster presentation

The social and psychological adjustment of the Bulgarian community in Greece

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Background

Past studies on immigration and mental health indicate that immigration can have a significantly negative effect on the psychological well-being of a person.

Materials and methods

In the present study, 200 Bulgarian immigrants currently living in Athens took part. Their age ranged from 18 to 65 years, 18% of them were men and 78% women, while the average stay in Greece is 5.1 years. The questionnaire that was filled in for the purpose of the study was divided into three main sections. The first part concerned personal details, the second section questioned the access to the social services and the third one comprised the Zung Depression Inventory.

Results

It was found that the mean duration of occupation was 16.8 hours and the average income 636 euros. 78% of the sample, reported unsatisfied from the social services, 50% unsatisfied from the health services and 45% from the educational system of Greece. In addition, almost 50%, reported that prefers social interaction with their copatriots. According to the Zung Depression Inventory, 53% could be classified as highly depressed and 18% as mildly depressed. Finally, psychological symptoms and depression correlated significantly with occupation and access to an adequate social network.

Discussion

In conclusion, it seems that in this sample of Bulgarian immigrants, unfulfilled expectations and inadequate

social support induce symptoms of psychological distress and depression.

References

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